This ₹5 kit detects kidney disorders in 8 mins

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Indore: If things go well for IIT Indore and Bombay researchers, kidney aliments could be soon detected at home with the help of a handy testing kit not costing more than Rs5.

Indian Institute of Technology. Indore and Bombay have jointly developed a biosensor that makes it possible to detect kidney disorders in less than eight minutes.

The new biosensor, developed by IIT Bombay PhD scholar Rashmi Chaudhari, IIT Indore professor Dr Abhi-



Dr Abhileet Joshi

can detect both pH and urea.

rately measure both pH and

urea concentration levels

with a single drop of urine.

The three researchers who

developed the biosensor beli-

The biosensor can accu-



Rashmi Chaudhari

Srivastava jeet Joshi and IIT Bombay professor Rohit Srivastava

ieet Joshi has been working towards developing such technology

will

neys

that can detect and monitor chronic diseases so that the cost of treatment can be reduced. "The developed biosensors were tested on samples of patients suffering from chronic kidney disease

eve that it procured from KEM Hospihelp tal and Apex Kidney Care in make a po-Mumbai and it showed very int-of-care accurate results. Results of the study, funded by the Detest to ascertain if kidpartment of Biotechnology are (DBT) and the Department functioning of Science and Technology normally. (DST), have been published Dr Abhiin journal Scientific Reports," said Dr Joshi.

> The idea of developing a biosensor was initiated two years back when Ph D scholar Rashmi Chaudhari came up with this topic for research.

For a kidney function test, doctors need an estimate of pH and urea as most kid-

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Dr Abhijeet Joshi | IIT FACULTY.

nev disorders result in reduced pH and higher concentration of urea. The available methods are accurate but the

patients have to undergo two tests. In addition, there is problem of contaminating components in urine such as calcium, chloride, ascorbic acid, sodium, and potassium which may cause hindrance in diagnosis, said the resear ching trio.

"It is a light-based technique which is easy for a common man to use. As soon as we get permission from the higher authorities, we will be developing disposable handy testing kit that can be used by people at home instead of going for tests that in volve a lot of time and money," said Joshi.